

THE EFFECT OF WATERPROOF COSMETICS ON THE LEGITIMACY OF WUDHU (Study on Islamic Boarding School Students University of Muhammadiyah Surakarta)

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Article History: Received April 24, 2022; Revised May 18, 2022; Accepted August 2, 2022

Abstract: *This study aims to determine How Waterproof Cosmetics Affect the Validity of Wudhu. This type of research uses a qualitative type with field studies in the Islamic Boarding School for Students of the Muhammadiyah University of Surakarta. While the research approach used is Phenomenological with the analysis of the data used is using inductive analysis. The results of this study indicate that first, the use of waterproof cosmetics by students is very high, and significantly it affects the use of waterproof cosmetics. Second, the use of waterproof cosmetics gives the invalid status of the legal requirements for ablution due to the presence of substances that block the neutralization of water entering the skin pores which is a condition for valid ablution.*

Keywords: *Cosmetics; Waterproof; The validity of Wudhu*

INTRODUCTION

Waterproof Cosmetics is one of the properties of this type of cosmetic product that is water-resistant and does not fade when exposed to water particles. This type of cosmetic has been successfully developed by beauty experts and dermatologists. The following waterproof cosmetic variants that have been produced include waterproof eyeliner and mascara, powder/cushion, foundation, lipstick, and many more. This type of cosmetic has a durable and strong adhesive strength. The durability is not only in a matter of hours, even a whole day if the cosmetics are not removed, but they will also remain on the face and are very durable and will not even fade.[1]

One of the latest findings of this waterproof cosmetic is in its composition which is not found in other types of cosmetics. Namely long-lasting properties that are difficult to remove with water and sweat. The ingredients in cosmetics include fragrances ranging from 0.01 to 10% more than soluble, hydrophobic alcohols, octyl acrylamide copolymers, and 0.01-10% hydrolyzed jojoba esters.[2] One of the compositions that occupy the most important role in this type of waterproof cosmetic is the silicone oil base material known as dimethicone whose function is to help the skin maintain its softness so that the product is easily absorbed by the skin and hair. The content or composition above that makes waterproof cosmetics not easily erased and durable. Cosmetics are also called types of cosmetics made from water in oil, meaning that the composition of the oil is more than the composition of water. Use the oil contained in this cosmetic to block the penetration of water that enters the skin.[2] Thus, to clean or remove it, a liquid called a surfactant is needed, which is a material that can reduce oil on the skin, so waterproof cosmetics can be cleaned. In general, the surfactant

liquid is packaged in the form of facial cleansing milk and face/purifying tonic or makeup remover.[1]

In the medical world, the presence of oil ingredients in waterproof cosmetics (dimethicone) becomes a protector for skin pores from water particles. The advantages of these cosmetics are making make-up much more durable, not easy to fade, and using one or more efficiently in applying make-up. There is a disadvantage of waterproof cosmetics, which is difficult to remove with water, so a special solution is needed to remove it. Usually, the solution is quite harsh, so it can remove important sebum from the skin. If removed, the skin becomes easily irritated, sunburned, and various other problems.[3]

The medical world describes issues related to the public's response which states that excessive use of cosmetics of any type will have no impact on humans in the future because cosmetics are only applied to the outside of the skin. The argument is wrong because the material attached to the skin can be absorbed by the skin. Skin capability consists of 2 aspects. The first aspect, the positive aspect, is that there is the absorption of cosmetics, which can help repair the structure and function of dehydrated skin. The second aspect, the negative aspect, namely absorption by the skin can cause side effects such as cosmetic acne, dermatitis, respiratory tract disorders, and long-term effects on the organs of the body, kidneys, liver, blood, and others. The process of entering cosmetics into the skin does not only occur physically through inserting cosmetic molecules into the skin.[4]

Reflecting on another matter regarding Muslim women who use waterproof cosmetics will the effect of their use on the skin, will it stick firmly or not, while the obligation of Muslims to ensure that water will seep into the entire surface of the skin when performing ablution, and there is no barrier for them when performing ablution, thus making ablution valid and the prayer is validated.[5]

Starting from the problem above, the researcher wants to examine the female students in Islamic boarding schools who have a basic understanding of Fiqh, especially about taharah (ablution).[6] Through observation, the researchers found that some female students in it used waterproof products, the waterproof products they used were also random, not all monotonous, or inclined to just one product depending on their favorites and even the durability of different products. They stated that using waterproof was simpler and didn't fade easily so there was no need to do make-up repeatedly, they also used scented soap/shampoo for daily use and also washed with consideration of the fragrant smell obtained from the soap without the need to consider the ingredients in it.[7]

Through the fact there is the use of waterproof cosmetics, in particular, further research will be carried out regarding this to see how the Effect of Waterproof Cosmetics on the Validity of Wudhu (Study at a Student Islamic Boarding School, Muhammadiyah University, Surakarta)".

METHODOLOGY

This research is qualitative in the form of field research,[8] namely: Student Islamic Boarding School of Muhammadiyah University of Surakarta in 2019. the total population at the Islamic Boarding School for Students of the Muhammadiyah University of Surakarta is 300 students with a classification in semester 1 of 150 students, semester 3 of 80 students, semester 5 of 60 students, and semester 7 of 10 students. The sampling technique was purposive sampling, meaning that the researchers took samples based on these specifications: PESMA students 5th-semester students Using waterproof cosmetics, < 2 years.[9][10]

As for the approach used Phenomenology Phenomenology is approaching in-depth an event that grabs attention.[11] The data collection techniques are in the form of interviews, observation, and documentation. In analyzing this problem the method used is inductive analysis.[12][13]

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The Activities of the International (Islamic Boarding School) Student KH. Mas Mansour

The learning process is carried out after the Maghrib prayer until the Isha prayer (6.00-7.00 WIB). The focus of learning is on the discussion of English and tahsin. In addition, students are also required to participate in the agenda after Fajr (05.00–06.00) namely tadarus Al-Qur'an and English conversation. Meanwhile, students are given elective courses which are followed by students, among the chosen materials there are 6 namely tahfidz Al-Qur'an, English, Arabic, Indonesian, Da'wah and Public speaking, and Entrepreneurship. The selected material will be run after the Maghrib prayer. Standard English material is given to all students once a week on Thursday nights, then aqidah, Islamic insight, and motivation materials are given once a week every Friday night.

Use of Waterproof Cosmetics by UMS Islamic Boarding School Students

The discussion will explain the analysis on research and the arrangement of decomposition related to product utilization Cosmetics waterproof based on its effect on the validity of ablution. The respondents were Islamic boarding school students at the Muhammadiyah University of Surakarta, the selection of respondents was based on the provisions described in chapter 1, namely PESMA students, 5th-semester students, using waterproof cosmetics for more than two years. The following is an explanation regarding the use of waterproof cosmetics products based on the perspective of fiqh worship (the validity of ablution).

1. The Beginning of Using Waterproof Cosmetics Products

Based on the results of interviews with several female students, 3 different answer criteria were obtained regarding the start of using waterproof cosmetics products. As stated below:

“I’ve been using waterproof products since I went to college. I’ve been using this product for almost 3 years and I’m still using it until now.”[14] And “I started using the waterproof product since I was in college, maybe about two and a half years, and it’s still going on until now.”[15]

2. Factors Underlying the use of Waterproof Cosmetics

The information obtained by the interview is about the underlying aspects of using Waterproof Cosmetic products based on the advantages or disadvantages.

“The reason for using it is because waterproof products are durable when used daily and don’t fade easily when exposed to water or sweat. Then if you use non-waterproof make-up, which must be touched up again when it fades. This product is durable and economical, the results of waterproof make-up are better, suitable for long-term use, and the product is currently popular.”[14]

“The factor is more about the advantages offered by the product, for example, it is durable and efficient, so many choose to use it. If you look at the goal, I don’t know, what if other people have a goal, who wants to look more beautiful? For me, the goal is

to increase my confidence when I meet a lot of people because when I wear make-up, I cover up some of the imperfections on my face (oily and uneven skin tone).”[16]

3. Benefits of using Waterproof Cosmetics

The benefits obtained from using this product are very diverse. For example, it can cover the lack of facial skin, give a bright effect, maintain skin moisture, and so on.

“The excessive and continuous use of cosmetics is also not good for the skin. Maybe the benefits obtained are to increase self-confidence.”[14] “If the benefits are felt when using waterproof cosmetic products, the use is not complicated, and of course, it lasts a long time.”[15]

4. Special Things that Users of Waterproof Cosmetic Products do

The researcher asked about how students clean their faces using Waterproof Cosmetic products before performing ablution.

“In my opinion, cleaning first is necessary, the name is waterproof make-up, namely make-up that is not easily removed by water so that before performing ablution, one must clean the make-up because the water used for ablution will not be able to absorb the skin because it is blocked by make-up. When praying, it is obligatory to clean and purify from various kinds, because, in my opinion, it is very important to remove make-up before ablution so that the prayers are valid. I am sure of the answer from various web pages that I have read as well as from teachers or lecturers who have taught in the classes I have attended”[17]

“If during college and when it’s time for prayer I perform ablution as usual and during ablution the part that uses waterproof cosmetics I emphasize water on the facial skin (for example rubbing), I am sure of my answer because yes, actually Islam is flexible, in my opinion, so you can use it. waterproof cosmetics as long as when doing ablution, the ablution water is exposed to the skin, waterproof cosmetics does not mean that it is waterproof when used, but in my opinion, it is more like make-up that can last a long time.”[14]

5. Positive Effects of using Waterproof Cosmetics products

Regarding the positive effects felt by the informants, as disclosed:

“Keeps facial appearance fresh and increases self-confidence.”[16] “I think it can cover the flaws on the face and is very durable when used.”[15]

6. Negative effects of using Waterproof Cosmetics

“According to my experience, acne often occurs, skin is dull and oily, and the product is also not very good if used often”.[17]

“The negative effect may be more directed towards matters of worship if we do not know that there is make-up that does not penetrate the water and this is required to be a valid condition for holy prayer (ablution) so that it will harm us and lead to sin.”[18]

The conclusion or essence obtained and the answers have been classified by the researchers found several important things about Waterproof Cosmetics at the UMS Student Islamic Boarding School.

The start of using waterproof cosmetics products was based on students, some have used this product since 3 years ago until now and students have felt comfortable with the results. However, some have just used it and continue to use it until now.

When using the product, some say that the product makes them feel comfortable, moist, cool, light, and clean, and some think that they feel a little itchy and sticky and feel that they are still normal and don't even feel anything.

Regarding the preferences (trends) for Waterproof Cosmetics Products, the following are found:

The driving factors of female students in using the product: First, Because the products are durable and do not fade easily and the make-up results are better and last longer, making it easier for women today to have many agendas outside the home and always want to look beautiful all the time without having to wear make-up repeatedly. Second, Can cover imperfections on the face and support to look beautiful all the time

The benefits are obtained when using the product, namely: Confidence to add and Simple, and durability.[19]

The effects or impacts of using the product are: First, The positive effects obtained are: Long-lasting, Increases self-confidence, Stays fresh, Covers any flaws on the face, and looks more awake. Second, The negative effects that are felt are the appearance of acne, dull to oily skin, clogged pores, and premature aging.

The Effect of Using Waterproof Cosmetic Tools on the Validity of Wudhu

The use of cosmetic tools influences the skin, especially the types of cosmetic tools that are waterproof. It can be concluded that the use of these tools affects the validity of ablution as well. Ablution water can be delivered to the skin or even cosmetic tools will prevent it, even though one of the conditions for a valid ablution is the sticking of water to the outermost layer of human skin.[20] So with this, the researcher will discuss it in detail through the analysis below:

1. The Effect of Facial Cosmetics on the Flow of Wudhu Water on the Face

Washing the face is one of the requirements for the validity of ablution. So it is obligatory to pass water into the outer skin layer of the body. There are several effects of cosmetics on the ablution process, including [5]

Foundation and Powder

Foundation is a cosmetic tool that functions as a skin protector. Cosmetic tools are divided into two categories, the first is materials that can contaminate or cover the skin. While the second is a material that protects against tradition. Foundation is the first category of cosmetic tool that is used before powder.[21]

There is no type of foundation or powder that is waterproof or waterproof, but types of cosmetics made from oil have similarities to waterproof or waterproof cosmetics which are also made of oil, so special materials are needed to remove them. The thickness of the cosmetic application also affects how long it takes to clean it to remove it, even if it is not a waterproof cosmetic.[19]

The best cosmetic tool is a foundation after which you still need to use powder. The oil content in the powder will damage the natural beauty of a person's face, and therefore the powder is very important. So every woman must be good at choosing cosmetics to find a way to deal with the oil content in cosmetics, which if the oil element has been mixed with dust it will be able to dirty the face. With that, a woman needs appropriate and suitable cosmetic tools so that the above worries do not occur, and women can still look beautiful.
[1]

Up to this point, the thought occurred that without using waterproof or waterproof cosmetic tools, it would be better to maintain and care for the natural beauty of the face. How to take care of the face can be by cleaning the face regularly, using cosmetics made from milk and so on, then sticking ice cubes before using cosmetic tools, using foundation using cloth, and after that, apply loose powder, then continue with the use of compact powder, then repeat using loose powder because loose powder can absorb the oil produced by the face. Only after this use other complementary cosmetic tools, such as blush and so on.[21]

The scholars have determined that the face is a part of the body that must be washed as a condition for the validity of ablution as stated in the verses of the Qur'an and it has become a stipulation that clean water used for ablution must be conveyed on the outer layer of the skin.

Allah Swt said: **فاغسلوا وجوهكم**

The verse discusses the obligation of ghusl or purification by washing the face, in which there must be water flowing and sticking to the skin of the face as a whole.

This case is continuous with how women use cosmetic tools, especially cosmetics that are waterproof or waterproof because it will make it difficult, and even block water from reaching the skin's surface. So if you perform ablution without cleaning it or removing it first, the ablution will be declared invalid.

Cheek and Lip rouge

Both cheeks and lips need makeup with rouge and lips to show the shape of the cheekbones and the beauty of the red lips. This blush has the function to brighten the face and lips and in the colors shown it shows beauty and does not show a pale face, only shows beauty.

Both have various types, including the liquid type which has the character of being easily absorbed by the skin and has a longer resistance than the other types. However, this type does not have a water-resistant character like other materials.[21]

As it is known that the face is the part that must be exposed to water during ablution. What is meant by the face is what appears in front of a human being, with limitations ranging from the usual place where hair grows, to where the beard grows. And from one ear to the other, both cheeks are part of the face.

In addition to the permissibility of blushing the face, it is also permissible to blush on the lips. Like it is permissible to color nails with dyes that women are interested in. As for the lips, which are part of the face, it is obligatory to wash them with water. The use of milk is allowed as long as it does not become a material that blocks the flow of water on the skin or it is better to remove it first until the ablution is valid.[3]

Allah SWT said, **فاغسلوا وجوهكم** This verse indicates the obligation to wash the face thoroughly with holy water on the skin, or thoroughly wash all the washed limbs without leaving any unwashed parts.

So it is obligatory to wash the rouge and lips before ablution, although not using the waterproof type because thick usage (in the non-waterproof type) also makes it difficult to wash with water, as happens with waterproof cosmetic tools.[22]

Eye Shadow

The application of eye shadow produces beautiful color strokes. Use eye shadow on the eyelashes or eyelids under the eyebrows. It aims to color the eyelashes with a beautiful

color. This product has various types, from liquid to solid. And there is no waterproof type available.

The eyes are one of the parts of the face, and as is well known that the use of eye shadow in the places already mentioned. While the Shari'a explains washing the face also by washing both eyebrows and eyelashes. What is meant is the washing of the aforementioned limbs without leaving them, because what is obligatory cannot be left behind. Allah SWT said, "مكحوجو اوسغاف" the verse is the command to wash.[23]

A thorough sprinkling of water on the skin is an important matter, even mandatory for people who perform ablution, even small parts of the body that must be washed or washed. So cleaning the rest of the makeup/use of cosmetics is cleaning from dirt that sticks to the skin, cosmetics made from waterproof, and even though not cosmetics made from waterproof.[24]

Mascara and Eye Shadow

Mascara and shading have been available in various types in this modern era. And we can find that waterproof mascara and eyeshadow can prevent water, sweat, and tears from entering, as long as they are not touched and not rubbed by hand. It takes a special cleanser or cleanser that contains a lot of oil to clean it.

Washing eyelashes is obligatory of the many obligations for ablution, in which these eyelashes are part of the face that are obligatory to wash or wash. On the eyelashes where mascara and eye shadow are used, it is obligatory for the person performing ablution to hit them with water like on other parts of the body.[25]

Allah SWT says, "مكحوجو اوسغاف" indicates the obligation to thoroughly wash from the limit that has been mentioned with the hair that grows on the face. It is divided into 2, firstly, what is not yet out of face boundary, secondly, what is out of face boundary. The hair often appears infrequently, such as eyebrows and eyelashes, it is hair that grows in the eyelids, as well as beards and hair that grows on the sides of the ears. It is obligatory for these hairs to be washed, both visible and invisible, like the skin under the hair, even though the hair is thick because the skin underneath is also part of the face. And sometimes the hair does not grow thick/sparse.[26]

The waterproof type of cosmetic/makeup tool is made of oil, meaning that the composition of the oil is more than the composition of water. The nature of the oil prevents water from flowing into the skin. So it is mandatory for the wearer to clean it with a special cleanser for waterproof mascara or you can use a special baby shampoo that does not contain perfume and dye, its use is harmless and has many advantages in quality.[27]

Meanwhile, in the case of celak in particular, the fuqaha allow it to be celak with its mid (material for celak) Hadith.

As has been discussed in this law, the essence of it is the obligation to wash the sticking material that sticks to the ablution members, so the person performing ablution must wash the members even if it is on the hair on the face that has been mentioned earlier. Because these members are part of the face. And this face washing case is an order to wash everything on the face, including hair and others.

2. The Effect of Beautifying Both Hands on the Flow of Water in Both Hands

Washing both hands up to the elbows is an obligation when performing ablution, and it is obligatory to thoroughly wash the water without a veil/barrier until the ablution becomes legal, and there are various types of make-up on the hands, such as:

Cutting nails

Some people don't want anything other than to keep their nails long, some don't want anything other than to keep their little fingernails long and there is a difference of opinion on this matter. This is also found in the claws of wild animals. The habashah keep their nails long like spears.

Allah says: “قفارملا إلى مكيدي أو” ““And your hands up to the elbows”. Indeed, washing the hands up to the elbows is one of the obligatory acts of ablution, including washing between the fingers and under the long fingernails covering the tips of the fingers. Imam Malik thinks that cutting fingernails can make ablution water reach areas of the skin that are difficult to wash, and as long as the length of the nails is still reasonable then the amount of water that does not wash the skin in the nail area can be forgiven, but if the length of the nails exceeds the reasonable limit then it is unforgivable.

As it is known that the sanctity of long nails during ablution cannot be confirmed until the nails are cut and cleaned. Therefore, it is obligatory for women to cut their nails so as not to block the entry of water during purification, so that water can enter under the nails, and ablution becomes valid.

Painting nails

As the results of research obtained regarding various ways to beautify both hands, another way is to paint nails using “Manicure and Pedicure” nail polish in the form of cream.[28]

While they (the women) certainly perform ablution and perform prayers, then this can invalidate their prayers because the water for ablution is not washed evenly on the nails. People who reject this view equate it with Henna, even though there are differences between Henna and Manicure nail polish and the like. Henna is a kind of dye and not paint, while the others are paints and not dyes. The difference between dyes and paints is if the dye can spread to the skin pores, therefore the Henna color will not disappear from the nails unless the nails are lengthened and will not disappear from the skin except after the hands change skin due to continuous use. or friction. While the paint is a thin layer on the surface of the skin.[6]

Manicure paint that is applied to the fingernails by women has a layer, so it is not permissible for women to wear it when going to prayer because the paint prevents water from reaching the skin of the purified person, while Allah has said “Wash your face and your hands”, and if there is paint Manicure on a woman's nails so that it prevents the water from reaching it cannot be said that the woman has been purified so that it can be said that she has left the fardhu of ablution. As for women who do not pray because of menstruation, it is not forbidden to wear it, but it should be remembered that painting nails with Manicures is a characteristic of non-Muslim women and it is not permissible for Muslim women to imitate them.[29]

The use of Henna as we know gives a stain of color to the area that is applied and this color does not prevent the water from reaching the skin as imagined, so when a woman washes Henna for the first time, the mass of Henna has disappeared and only the scars remain. color and no problem.[7]

In modern times, one type of nail polish has emerged that contains polymers that are water and even air resistant. Islamic law forbids Muslim women to paint their nails because there is a material in it that prevents water from reaching the skin during ablution, and they can't remove it before each prayer. This explanation has been proven by Sheikh Musthofa

Umar, a director of education at an Islamic university in California, through his experiments coating a coffee filter with nail polish, then pouring water on it and the water is still flowing, this proves that Henna can drain water when used.[30]

CONCLUSION

Based on the research and discussion above, it can be concluded that the average student Islamic Boarding School Student University of Muhammadiyah Surakarta use Waterproof Cosmetics so give a major influence on the validity of ablution. Even these cosmetic tools prevent the validity of ablution water. Because one of the conditions for the validity of ablution is the sticking of water to the outermost layer of human skin.

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